WISHRUBS.DOC 02/04/14

## KEY TO THE COMMON WETLAND SHRUBS AND WOODY VINES OF WISCONSIN (NATIVE AND NATURALIZED) (includes 2013 Midwest Region Wetland Status)

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1. Leaves evergreen or leathery
2. Creeping or prostrate shrubs
3. Leaves ovate and acute; fleshy fruit less then 1 cm diamteter
3. Leaves elliptical, obtuse; fleshy fruit greater than 1 cm diameter <u>Vaccinium macrocarpon</u> (large cranberry) OBL
2. Erect shrubs
4. Leaves with strongly revolute margins5
5. Leaves densely woolly beneath
5. Leaves whitened beneath, but not woolly
6. Leaves opposite
6. Leaves alternate
4. Leaf margins not strongly revolute
1. Leaves deciduous, not noticeably leathery
7. Leaves all compound (see '7' on p. 3)
8. Unarmed climbing vines
9. Leaves opposite
9. Leaves alternate
10. Tendrils present; leaves palmate, with 5 leaflets
11. Tendrils with 5-12 branches, mostly with adhesive disks <u>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</u> (Virginia creeper) FACU
11. Tendrils with 2-5 branches, without adhesive disks <u>Parthenocissus inserta</u> (thicket creeper) FACU

<sup>\*</sup>Updates to 2013 wetland status by Daniel L. Carter

10. Tendrils wanting; leaflets three
8. Erect or trailing shrubs
12. Leaves opposite
13. Leaflets three; fruit an inflated capsule
13. Leaflets 5-9; fruit a berry
14. Pith brown, fruit red
14. Pith white, fruit black
12. Leaves alternate
15. Leaflet margins entire, not lobed or dissected
16. Stems spiny
16. Stems unarmed
17. Leaflets over 5 cm long; a tall shrub; fruit a white berry
17. Leaflets under 5 cm long; a low shrub; fruit dry
15. Leaflet margins conspicuously toothed, lobed, or dissected
18. Leaves pinnately compound; 5-11 leaflets
19. Stems with paired spines
19. Stems with prickles
20. Shrubs with long, vine-like canes requiring support; stipules conspicuously fringed
20. Upright shrubs; stipules entire
18. Leaves palmately compound; 3-5 leaflets
21. Plants low, unarmed, woody only at base
21. Plants taller, more-or-less armed, with woody biennial canes

22. Ripe fruit falling off whole from receptacle; leaves white-tomentose beneath; stems glaucous, terete (RASPBERRIES)
23. Ripe fruit red; stems erect; prickles straight, needle-like, numerous
23. Ripe fruit black; stems arching; prickles stout, hooked, fewer
22. Ripe fruit not separating from receptacle; leaves green beneath; stems not glaucous, square in x-s (BLACKBERRIES)
7. Leaves simple
24. Leaves <u>all</u> opposite or whorled (see '24' on p. 4)
25. Leaf margins entire; leaves not lobed (see '25' on p. 4)
26. Stipules present; leaves usually whorled; fruit dry in spherical head
26. Stipules absent; leaves in pairs; fruit fleshy
27. Several papery scales present at twig base; fruit a watery berry
28. Leaves all separate; flowers and fruits in pairs on single axillary peduncles; erect shrubs
29. Leaves and twigs glabrous
29. Leaves and twigs more-or-less pubescent
30. Leaves pubescent beneath; twigs and peduncles densely hairy
30. Leaves sparsely pubescent (only a few hairs on veins beneath); peduncles and twigs sparsely hairy
28. Uppermost leaves connate; flowers and fruits in sessile, terminal clusters; trailing vines
31. Connate upper leaves longer than broad, green above and whitened beneath
31. Connate upper leaves forming a nearly round disk, glaucous

27. Papery scales not present at twig bases; fruit fleshy, but not particularly watery 32
32. Leaves nearly round; stems yellow-green
32. Leaves elliptical, at least twice as long as broad; stems red or gray
33. Pith of 2-year old twigs white (lighter than surrounding wood); stems red
33. Pith of 2-year old twigs tan (darker than surrounding wood)
34. Bark of older twigs gray; fruit pale blue to white
34. Bark of older twigs red or magenta, not gray; fruit dark blue
25. Leaves serrate, dentate, or lobed
35. Leaves not lobed
36. Petioles with distinct, prominent wings; leaves finely toothed (25-40 teeth per side)
36. Petioles not winged; leaves coarsely toothed (up to 10 teeth per side)
35. Leaves lobed
37. Convex glands on petioles
37. Concave (saucer-shaped) glands on petioles <u>Viburnum opulus</u> (European highbush-cranberry) FAC
24. Leaves all or mostly alternate (or fascicled)
38. Vines
39. Stem twining; leaves entire
39. Stems not twining; leaves toothed
40. Leaves glaucous, red-hairy beneath
40. Leaves more-or-less entirely green, glabrous
38. Upright shrubs

41. Leaves not lobed, pinnatifid, nor dissected (see '41' on p. 7)
42. Stems and twigs with long, stout spines; fruit a pome <u>Crataegus</u> spp. (see p. 9) (hawthorns)
42. Stems and twigs without long, stout spines (at most with short, weaker spines at ends of twigs); fruit other
43. Leaves in fascicles
(mountain holly) OBL
43. Leaves not fascicled
44. Buds with single scales (see '44' on p. 6)
45. Leaves entire, or at most coarsely and remotely toothed (see '45' on p. 6) 46
46. Leaf margins revolute
47. Leaves glabrous, entire, green above and glaucous beneath
47. Leaves pubescent, at least below
48. Leaves densely white-tomentose beneath, usually at least 7 times as long as wide
48. Leaves thinly to densely hairy, less than 7 times as long as wide
46. Leaves not revolute
49. Leaf blades usually less than 3 times as long as wide; stipules, when present, less than 2 mm long
49. Many leaf blades more than 3 times as long as wide; stipules, when present, more than 2 mm long
50. Leaf blades rarely more than 4 times as long as wide, nearly glabrous Salix discolor  (pussy willow) FACW
50. Many leaf blades more than 4 times as long as wide, pubescent to nearly glabrous beneath
51. Leaves green and smooth above, acuminate, hairs straight and appressed
51. Leaves gray-green and wrinkled above, broadly acute, hairs beneath tangled

45. Leaves sharply toothed
52. Most leaf blades more than 10 times as long as wide; leaves irregularly toothed; teeth with distinct glands
52. Leaf blades less than 10 times as long as wide; leaves regularly toothed; teeth glandular or not
53. Leaves green beneath, glaucous or pubescent
54. Petioles without glands at summit
54. Petioles with glands at summit
55. Stipules well-developed, persistent, glandular <u>Salix lucida</u> (shining willow) FACW
55. Stipules absent or minute
53. Leaves distinctly pale, glaucous, or white-pubescent beneath
56. Mature leaves rounded at base; stipules often prominent and persistent
57. Leaf blades mostly more than 4 times as long as wide and less than 2.2 cm wide
57. Leaf blades rarely more than 4 times as long as wide and greater than 2.2 cm wide
56. Mature leaves tapered at base; stipules absent or minute
44. Buds with several overlapping scales
58. Leaves entire or only faintly toothed
59. Leaves crowded towards ends of branches
59. Leaves not crowded
58. Leaves toothed
60. Leaves at least twice as long as broad (see '60' on p. 7)
61. Leaves under 2 cm wide

62. Leaves glabrous
62. Leaves tomentose
61. Leaves over 2 cm wide
63. Midveins of leaves with small, black glands; buds pointed; flowers and fruits in terminal clusters
(chokeberry) FACW
63. Midveins of leaves without glands; buds blunt; flowers and fruits not terminal 64
64. Fruit red; leaf veins networking before reaching margins of leaf
64. Fruit blue-black; leaf veins turning upward and running to margin
65. Leaves with 5-8 pairs of veins; a low shrub
65. Leaves with 3-4 pairs of veins; a large shrub or small tree
60. Leaves wider, less than twice as long as broad
66. Pith triangular or flattened in cross-section; fruit dry
67. Leaves large, rounded or cordate at base
67. Leaves small, narrowed to base
66. Pith round in cross-section; fruit fleshy
68. Petioles with a few large glands
68. Petioles eglandular
69. Leaf veins curving upward and running to margin of leaf
69. Leaf veins networking before reaching margin of leaf
41. Leaves lobed, pinnatifid, or dissected
70. Tall shrubs, with stout thorns
70. Shorter shrubs, unarmed or merely prickly

71. Stipules present; fruit dry; bark shredding; stems unarmed <u>Physocarpus opulifolius</u> (ninebark) FACW
71. Stipules absent; fruit a berry; bark not shredding; stems armed or not
72. Stems armed; flowers solitary or in corymbs (GOOSEBERRIES)
73. Ovary and fruit prickly; stems usually densely prickly <u>Ribes cynosbati</u> (pasture gooseberry) FAC
73. Ovary and fruit usually smooth or pubescent; stem prickles often wanting; spines often confined to nodes
72. Stems (usually) unarmed; flowers in racemes (CURRANTS)
74. Leaves with golden resinous dots; ripe fruit black <u>Ribes americanum</u> (wild black currant) FACW
74. Leaves without resin dots; ripe fruit red
75. Pedicels glandular; terminal lobe of leaves with essentially straight sides to a broadly acute tip; a more-or-less creeping shrub
75. Pedicels eglandular; terminal lobes of leaves with each side producing a subtle curve to the obtuse tip; an erect shrub

 $\underline{\text{CRATAEGUS}} \text{ SPECIES} \\ \text{(three species which may be encountered in wetlands; many more inhabit uplands)}$ 

1	Leaves broadest at or below middle, rounded at base, and usually lobed; plants strongly pubescent; fruit large (to 2.2 cm diameter), red, often with pale dots and hairy at ends; flowers large (to 2.5 cm diameter)
	(downy nawthorn) 1 Ac
1	. Leaves broadest at or above middle, cuneate at base, may be lobed; plants somewhat pubescent or glabrous; fruit smaller, red to green; flowers smaller (0.8 to 1.8 cm wide)
	2. Leaves broadest above middle, obovate, glossy and smooth above; plants more-or-less glabrous; conspicuous (5-7 cm long) thorns; fruits green to dull red
	2. Leaves broadest near middle, scabrous above; young twigs tomentose; thorns somewhat shorter (2.5-5 cm long) (often absent); fruits bright red
	(sugar hawthorn) Unclassified